EndNote® Web

NIH Library

Updated: February 25, 2009

Part 1: Introduction	
Part 2: EndNote Web Interface and Creating Groups4	
Part 3: Creating References Manually5	
Part 4: Directly Exporting References from Web of Science6	
Part 5: Importing References from Databases Using Filters9	
Part 6: Editing, Sorting, and Finding Duplicate References	
Part 7: Organizing and Sharing References16	
Part 8: Transferring References to/from EndNote or Reference Manager17	
Part 9: Using Cite While You Write (CWYW)20	
Part 10: The Traveling Library25	
Part 11: Accessing Full-Text from within EndNote Web26	

Part 1: Introduction

EndNote Web (http://www.endnoteweb.com/) is a web-based program developed to store, edit, and manage up to 10,000 bibliographic references. Anyone involved in gathering references for research or producing bibliographies can use EndNote Web to make managing collections easier. EndNote Web is free for all NIH staff due to our license to the ISI Web of Knowledge™.

You build a library by:

- importing references from a text file,
- manually adding references to the library.
- copying references from an EndNote®, Reference Manager® or EndNote Web library,
- connecting remotely to a database such as *PubMed*[®], *Scopus*[™], and *Google* Scholar[™] and importing references into the EndNote Web library, or
- exporting references directly from Web of Science[®].

The Cite While You Write™ feature works with Microsoft® Word (with free plug-in) to automatically format in-text citations and bibliographies into over 3,200 publishing styles. EndNote Web also allows online sharing of EndNote Web folders with colleagues.

A complement to the desktop-based *EndNote* program, *EndNote Web* allows users to access their references from anywhere. Users may add, edit or delete references, use Cite While You Write, search databases such as PubMed, and export references directly into EndNote Web folders.

Important Note: You can transfer references between EndNote Web and older versions of *EndNote*; however, direct import/export is only compatible with *EndNote X.0.2* or later.

Remote Access to Your EndNote Web Account: In order to use EndNote Web away from NIH, you must first register and login from an IP authenticated workstation at NIH. This confirms that you are a valid user with your institution and initiates roaming access for twelve months. After twelve months, you are required to login again from an IP authenticated workstation to re-establish your association with the institution. For more information, go to http://www.mvendnoteweb.com/help/ENW/hs_roaming.htm

EndNote Web Training Reference & Information Services 301.496.1080 p. 2 of 26

Using EndNote Web

You may access *EndNote Web* from http://www.myendnoteweb.com/ or from the *Web of Science*, go to the NIH Library's homepage at http://nihlibrary.nih.gov/ and click the *Web of Science* link from the grey 'Quick Links' column on the left.

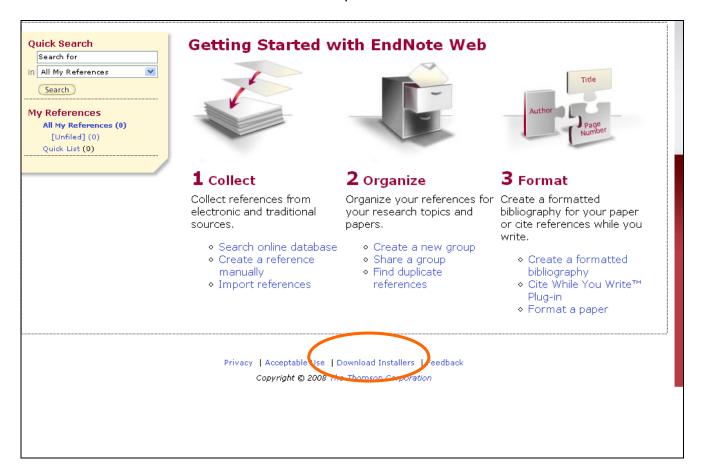
① Register for Access

If you are already registered in the *ISI Web of Knowledge*, you do not have to register for *EndNote Web*. Use the same login and password to access *EndNote Web*.

If you are not already registered, go to http://www.myendnoteweb.com/ and click **Sign Up** to register for an account. Once you have registered, you can access your *EndNote Web* folders from within *Web of Science* or the *ISI Web of Knowledge* platform.

2 Install Toolbars

At the bottom of the *EndNote Web* page, click the **Download Installers** link. You will need to install the plug-ins for *Cite While Your Write* for Microsoft Word for Windows or Macintosh and the *EndNote Web* toolbars for Internet Explorer or Firefox.



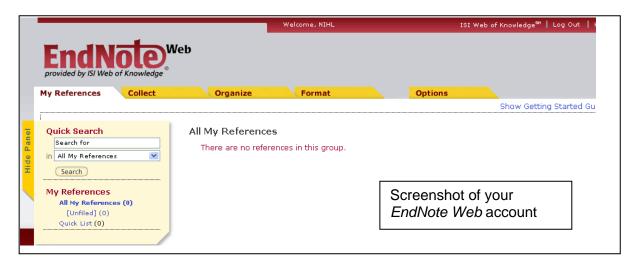
NIH Library
Reference & Information Services 301.496.1080

EndNote Web Training
p. 3 of 26

Part 2: EndNote Web Interface and Creating Groups

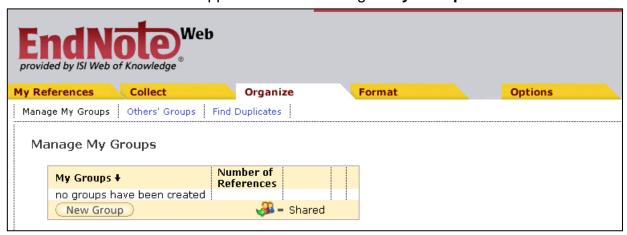
One library is assigned to each *EndNote Web* account. Multiple folders or groups can be created within your library to store references. References can belong to more than one group in your *EndNote Web* library.

At this time, no document storage is available. You <u>cannot</u> attach PDFs or other documents to an *EndNote Web* reference. However, you can put a link to a file on your computer in the reference's **Notes** field.



To Create a Group

- 1. Click the **Organize** tab.
- 2. From the Manage My Groups box, choose **New Group**.
- 3. Enter a name for the new group. Click **OK**.
- 4. Your folder will now appear under the listing of **My Groups**.



NIH Library
Reference & Information Services 301.496.1080

p. 4 of 26

Part 3: Creating References Manually

One way to add references is to type them into your library. All reference fields have a 64,000-byte size limit.

- 1. From the **Collect** tab, click **New Reference**. New references are assigned the Generic reference type by default, but select the correct reference type for the item you want to add to your library (ex., journal article).
- 2. Enter information into each field as needed. Required reference fields are indicated with asterisks.
- 3. Scroll to the 'Groups' section at the bottom of the webpage and select a group to add this reference. All available groups will be listed, in addition to the option of creating a new group.
- 4. When finished entering text into each field, click **Save** to save your reference.

New references can also be created by importing from other databases, using direct export, searching from within *EndNote Web*, or importing references from *EndNote*, *Reference Manager* or *RefWorks*.



Part 4: Directly Exporting References from Web of Science

Directly export references from *ISI Web of Knowledge's Web of Science* to your *EndNote Web* library. To direct export from *Web of Science*, you <u>must</u> already be signed into your *ISI Web of Knowledge's Web of Science* personal account. Your *EndNote Web* and *Web of Science* account logins and passwords are the same.

 Connect to Web of Science and conduct your search. Select references to export to EndNote Web by marking the check box or indicating the range of references at the bottom of the webpage under Output Records.



Screenshot from bottom of Web of Science results page.

- 2. Select the amount of citation information for each reference author, title, source and abstract, full record, or full record plus cited references to export.
- 3. Click the Save to EndNote Web Save to EndNote Web button.
- 4. An intermediary screen will appear indicating that your selected references are exporting to *EndNote Web*.



5. All references exported from *Web of Science* are deposited into the **Unfiled Group** in *EndNote Web*. These references must be moved to the appropriate group to be saved. If they are not moved, they will be lost when you exit your *EndNote Web* library.

Upon returning to your search results in *Web of Science*, all exported references will have a small icon appearing under the reference number. This icon indicates the reference was added and is a shortcut to your *EndNote Web* library.



References exported from *Web of Science* into *EndNote Web* include a URL back to the reference's record in the database. Click on the *ISI Web of Knowledge* green hyperlink under the journal's title to go back to the database.

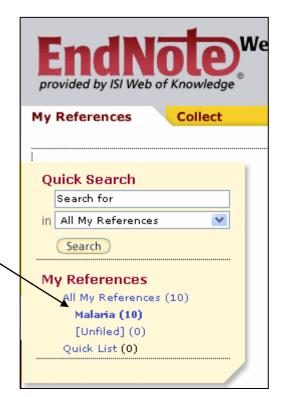
Moving References Between Groups

- 1. Under the **My References** tab, click the group containing the references you want to move.
- 2. Use the check boxes to select specific references or only those on the page. Check **All** to move a complete collection of references at one time.



- 3. Select the group from the **Add to group...** drop-down menu.
- 4. All references will be moved automatically to the new group you have selected. The references will be removed from the Unfiled or original group.

Now, all 10 references from the Unfiled Group are located in the Malaria group folder.



Part 5: Importing References from Databases Using Filters

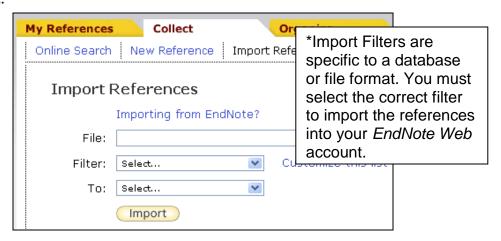
One of the easiest ways to build your *EndNote Web* library is to import references from standard sources such as online bibliographic databases (i.e., *PubMed*, *Scopus*, OVID), *Google Scholar* and library catalogs. *EndNote Web* can import references from many different sources and formats.

References imported from *PubMed* or *Scopus* will include a URL back to the reference's record in the original database. Click on the **Go To URL** blue hyperlink.



Importing References from the *PubMed* Database via the NIH Library Link

- In PubMed, select the specific references you want to save to your library. Select items by checking the box to the left of a citation. If no references are selected, the default is to download all references.
- 2. In the pull-down **Display** menu, choose **MEDLINE** to replace the default format of Summary.
- 3. Choose **File** as the destination and click the **Send To** button to save the file to a folder on your hard drive or to your desktop.
- 4. Change the file name to something relevant (e.g., medicine.txt) from the default pubmed-result.txt.
- 5. In *EndNote Web*, click the **Collect** tab. Then select **Import References**.
- 6. Click **Browse** to locate the saved text file you just created.
- 7. From the **Filter** menu, select the **PubMed (NLM)** filter*.
- 8. Select the group to move these references to from the **To** drop-down menu.
- 9. Click **Import**.



NIH Library
Reference & Information Services 301.496.1080

Create a customized list of frequently used Import Filters by clicking on the Customize this list link from the Import References feature.



Next, select the import filters most frequently used (e.x., PubMed (NLM), RefMan RIS, Web of Science (ISI), CINAHL (Ebsco)), and copy them to the **My Favorites** column.



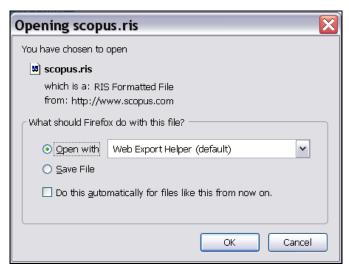
Importing References from the Scopus Database via the NIH Library

- 1 In *Scopus*, click to mark specific references, select all records on a page, or all records to save to your *EndNote Web* library.
- 2. Click the **Output** button.
- 3. Select the **Export** button.
- 4. Select the Export format: 'RIS format (Reference Manager, ProCite, EndNote)'.
- 5. Select the amount of information to export from **Output:** (citation, abstract only, etc.).
- 6. Click Export. Select Open.

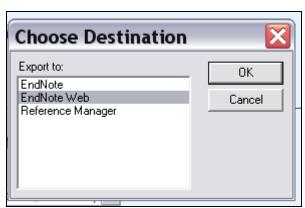
Using Internet Explorer, you will see the following message box.



Using **Mozilla Firefox**, you will see the following message box. Select the "Open with" option and select **Web Export Helper (default).** Then click **OK**. You will see the message box shown in #7.



7. Next, if you already have *EndNote* installed on your computer, a pop-up box will appear asking you to select the program you want to export the results into. Select *EndNote Web*.



8. After a few seconds, your selected references will be exported to your *EndNote Web* library, and the following message box will appear.



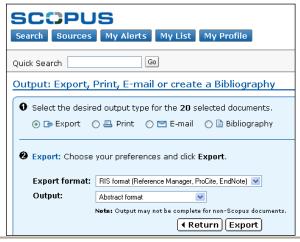
All references exported from *Web of Science* are deposited into the **Unfiled Group** in *EndNote Web*. These references must be moved to the appropriate group to be saved. If they are not moved, they will be lost when you exit your *EndNote Web* library.

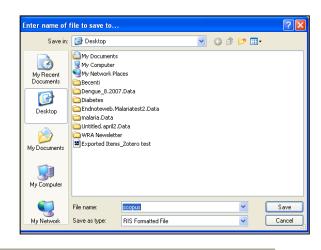
Alternatively, you can export your references from Scopus as RIS formatted file.

- 1. In *Scopus*, click to mark specific references, select all records on a page, or all records to save to your *EndNote Web* library.
- 2. Click the Output button.
- 3. Select the **Export** button.
- 4. Select the **Export format**: 'RIS format (Reference Manager, ProCite, EndNote)'.
- 5. Select the amount of information to export from **Output:** (citation, abstract only, etc.).
- 6. Click Export. Select Save or Save to Disk.

In EndNote Web, click the Collect tab. Then select Import References.

- 7. Click **Browse** to locate the text file you just created.
- 8. From the **Filter** menu, select the **RefMan RIS or Scopus** filter.
- 9. Select the group to move these references to from the **To** drop-down menu.
- 10. Click **Import**.





Importing References from Google Scholar

You can import references from *Google Scholar* into *EndNote Web*; however, you can only import them one at a time.

1. Open a web browser (*Mozilla Firefox, Internet Explorer* or *Safari*) and go to *Google*. Select **Scholar** from the drop-down menu at the top of the *Google* page.



- 2. From the *Google Scholar* page, click on **Scholar Preferences** to the right of the search box.
- 3. Scroll to the bottom to the **Bibliography Manager** section. Select **RefMan** for the option "Show links to import citations into". Click on **Save Preferences**.
- 4. Conduct a search in *Google Scholar*. From the search results screen, you will now see an **Import into RefMan** link under the citation.

Smallpox as a Biological Weapon Medical and Public Health Management- ▶ cdc.gov [HTML]
DA Henderson, TV Inglesby, JG Bartlett, MS Ascher, ... - JAMA, 1999 - Am Med Assoc
... Smallpox as a Biological Weapon Medical and Public Health Management. Donald ...
Smallpox is one of the most serious of these diseases. If ...
Cited by 605 - Related articles - Web Search - Import into RefMan - BL Direct - All 13 versions

- 5. To bring the citation into *EndNote Web*, click on **Import into RefMan**.
- 6. A pop-up box will appear asking you to select the program you want to export the results into. Select **EndNote Web**. Click **OK**. A message box will appear indicating when your references have been moved into the Unfiled Group within your *EndNote Web* library. Do not forget to move these to the folder you want to keep them in permanently.

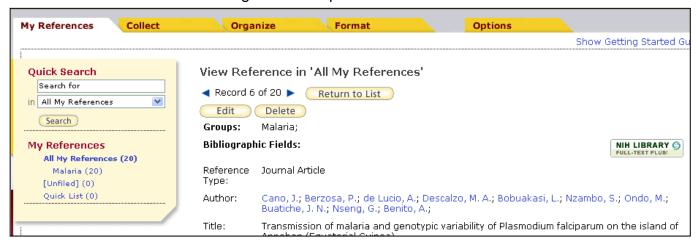


7. Repeat if you have multiple citations to import from Google Scholar.

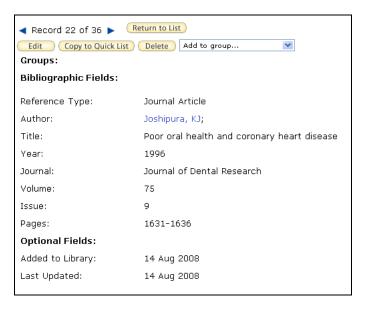
Part 6: Editing, Sorting, and Finding Duplicate References

Editing References

- 1. Click on the **Edit** button to the right of the title, or open a reference by clicking on the hyperlinked title. Then select Edit.
- 2. Make needed changes or additions.
- 3. Click Save when changes are completed.



Also, the date the reference was added to your *EndNote Web* library is now automatically included along with the date of any recent changes or updates.



Sorting References

Sort references by author, year, or title by clicking the column heading in the folder view.

Finding Duplicate References

EndNote Web lets you check for and identify duplicate references. You select a reference to be compared with all other references in that library or in all other libraries. You are notified if one or more duplicate references are found anywhere in your groups.

The **Find Duplicates** command is used to identify duplicate references in a library. Once the duplicate reference is removed it is <u>permanently</u> deleted from your library.

When using **Find Duplicates**, *EndNote Web* compares references based on the following fields: Author, Year, Title, and Reference Type.

To Check for Duplicates

- 1. Click the **Organize** tab, and then click **Find Duplicates**.
- 2. A list of all duplicates identified from your <u>entire</u> library is listed. Any reference identified as a duplicate will have a yellow background and a checkmark.
- 3. To delete duplicates, click the **Delete** button. You also may move the duplicates to another group.

Duplicate records should be compared to determine which reference in a pair of duplicates should be deleted.



NIH Library
Reference & Information Services 301.496.1080

EndNote Web Training
p. 15 of 26

Part 7: Organizing and Sharing References

You can share groups with colleagues in *EndNote Web*. Colleagues with access to your shared groups will see them under **My References**. An icon ## will appear for each shared group. A limit of 500 groups is set. Each group name is limited to 255 characters.

Important Points about Sharing Groups

- You can share groups with EndNote Web users at any institution.
- You cannot insert shared references into a manuscript using Cite While You Write
- o Access to shared groups can be designated as "Read & Write" or "Read-only"
- You can give Read only access to some users and Read & Write access to other users for the same group.
- If more than one person is editing the same reference simultaneously, the person who saves last will submit the final edits.
- o Edits made by others to your shared references are tracked in a change log.
- Users with Read & Write access can edit reference data and remove the reference from the shared group. They cannot delete the reference from the owner's library.
- o References in shared groups can be searched.
- o References in shared groups cannot be copied to your 'Quick List'.
- O Shared groups are available to generate a bibliography or an export file.

Sharing Groups

- 1. Click the **Organize** tab, which will display the **Manage My Groups** page.
- 2. Find the group you wish to share and click the **Manage Sharing** button.
- 3. If you have not already shared this group with someone, it will give you the option to start sharing. Click the **Start sharing this group** hyperlink.
- 4. Enter up to 1,000 e-mail addresses in the pop-up box. Separate each address by pressing the Enter or Return key. You can also use the **Browse** feature to upload a text file with e-mail addresses separated by commas.
- 5. Select the level of access to this group "Read Only" or "Read & Write"
- 6. Click the **Apply** button.

To modify the sharing settings for a group, click the **Manage Sharing** button and update the settings as needed.

Unsharing Groups

- 1. Click the **Organize** tab, which will display the **Manage My Groups** page.
- 2. Find the group you wish to unshare and uncheck the **Share** box.

Groups Shared With You

To see groups shared with you, click on the **Collect** tab, and then on the **Others' Groups** link to see the groups shared with you. Uncheck the box to not show this shared group on the main list.

Quick Search
Search for
in All My References

Search

My References
All My References (30)
Malaria (30)

[Unfiled] (0)
Quick List (0)

You have shared this group.

NIH Library
Reference & Information Services 301.496.1080

Part 8: Transferring References to/from *EndNote* or *Reference Manager*

References can be transferred to or from *EndNote Web* to *EndNote* desktop libraries (version *EndNote X.0.2* or later). In addition, references can be transferred to *Reference Manager 11* libraries from *EndNote Web* using the RIS format and filter.

Important Points about Transfer with *EndNote*

- Styled text is not supported in *EndNote Web*. References containing manually applied formatting will lose the formatting upon transfer to *EndNote Web* and when transferred back to *EndNote* on your desktop.
- Fields containing links to files in the EndNote .Data folder are not editable in EndNote Web. These fields are File Attachments and Figure (e.g., PDFs or images).

Exporting Groups

- 1. To export a group, click the Format tab and then click Export References.
- 2. Select the group of references to export from the drop-down menu.



 Next, select the Export Style from the second drop-down menu. To export to Reference Manager, select the RefMan (RIS) Export style. To export to EndNote 9 or earlier select the RefMan (RIS) Export style. A direct export option is available for EndNote X.0.2 or later.



4. Click **Save**, and save to your desktop. Rename the text file to something you will remember and save.

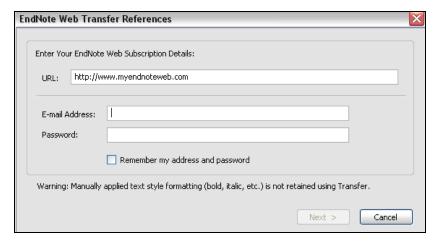
- 5. In *EndNote*, open a library and then select the **File** menu and then **Import**.
- 6. Locate the exported *EndNote Web* text file on your computer.
- 7. Select **Reference Manager (RIS)** as the **Import Option** filter. At this point, you can elect to import or discard any duplicate references.

Direct Export from EndNote X.0.2

If using *EndNote X.0.2*. or greater, a Direct Export feature is available for moving references between the desktop and web-based *EndNote* programs. The Direct Export feature is found in the desktop *EndNote* program.

To use the Direct Export feature, you must have downloaded the update to *EndNote X* from the *EndNote* website – http://www.endnote.com

- 1. In *EndNote*, go to **Tools** and select **Transfer to** *EndNote Web*.
- You will be asked to enter in your EndNote Web subscription details so that a
 connection can be made. Add in the e-mail address and password for your EndNote
 Web and the URL to EndNote Web use http://www.myendnoteweb.com. Select the
 checkbox to remember your e-mail and password. Click Next.



3. Now select whether you want to transfer references from *EndNote Web* to *EndNote* desktop or *EndNote* desktop to *EndNote Web*. Select whether to allow duplicates. Select which *EndNote Web* group you are transferring references to or from.

NIH Library
Reference & Information Services 301.496.1080

EndNote Web Training
p. 18 of 26



- 4. Click Transfer.
- 5. A message box will appear when transferring references are completed.

Importing Citations from EndNote or Reference Manager

- In EndNote, go to the Output Style list on the toolbar and choose Select Another Style. Select the RefMan (RIS) style.
- Go to the File menu and select Export to export your library as a plain text file. It will export everything in a library unless you manually select those references you want to export by using the Ctrl or Shift keys. Name the text file and save it.
- 3. In EndNote Web, click the Collect tab, and then click Import References.
- 4. Browse and select your text file.
- 5. From the **Filter** drop-down menu, select the *RefMan (RIS)* style.
- 6. Select from the **To** drop-down menu which group to move these references into.
- 7. Click Import.

Part 9: Using Cite While You Write (CWYW)

With *Cite While You Write*, you can link to references in your *EndNote Web* library without leaving your word processor and build a bibliography for your paper. You insert citations into your manuscript wherever you need to reference a statement. Once you insert a citation, it is permanently linked to a reference in the *EndNote Web* library. When you generate the bibliography, the unformatted citations turn into formatted citations and the bibliography appends to the end of the word processing document.

Bibliographic styles are used to control the appearance of references in a bibliography. The style takes care of all text styles, punctuation, and sorting required for the in-text citations and bibliography, as well as which fields are included in the bibliography. A set of standard styles is included with the *EndNote Web* program.

Setting Bibliographic Styles

In *Microsoft Word*, the bibliographic style selected in the **Format Bibliography** sub-menu of the *EndNote Web* menu under **Tools** determines how *EndNote Web* formats the citations in your paper and in the bibliography. You can select a different style and reformat the document at any point.

Installing the EndNote Web Toolbar in Microsoft Word

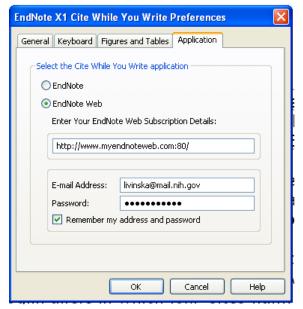
IMPORTANT: If you have *EndNote X.0.2* or later installed for the desktop, you do not need to install the *Cite While You Write* plug-in. It is installed by default.

If you do not have *EndNote X.0.2* or later, you must install the *Cite While You Write* toolbar. If you did not install the toolbars earlier, you need to download the *Cite While You Write* toolbar

to use this feature. *EndNote Web's* CWYW is only compatible with Microsoft Word at this time. See Part 1 for instructions.

- 1. After installing the CWYW toolbar, go to Word. Click **Tools**, and then *EndNote Web* or *EndNote* (if you have this installed already).
- 2. Select Cite While You Write Preferences.
- 3. Click the **Application** tab, and select **EndNote Web**.
- 4. Type your e-mail address and password into the boxes for your *EndNote Web* account.
- 5. Checkmark Remember my address and password.

This eliminates the need to sign in and out each time you want to use *EndNote Web* and *Cite While You Write*.

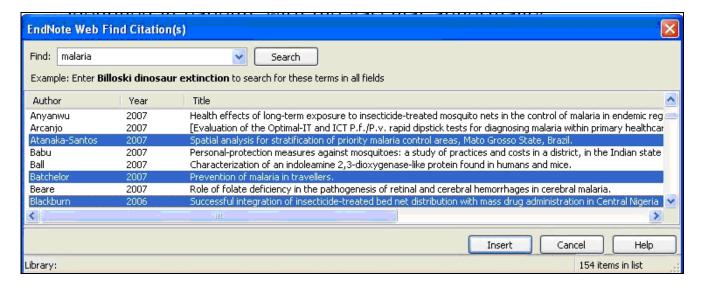


The *EndNote Web* toolbar will now appear in Word. However, if you have the *EndNote* desktop program installed, you will need to select the toolbar for the version of *EndNote* used.

Inserting a Reference into a Manuscript

To insert references into your manuscript, make sure that your *EndNote Web* account is open.

- 1. To insert a reference, position the cursor in the sentence you want the reference to appear. If it is at the end of sentence, place the cursor before the period, with a space before and after the cursor.
- 2. From Word's **Tools** menu, choose *EndNote Web* then **Find Citation** (or use the shortcut toolbar and click on the magnifying glass icon).
- 3. Type in any word to retrieve references of interest in the **Find** box (ex., author last name, year, title keyword, journal name). You may select more than one citation by holding the CTRL key and clicking on each citation.
- 4. Select the reference of interest by highlighting it. Then, click on the **Insert** button.

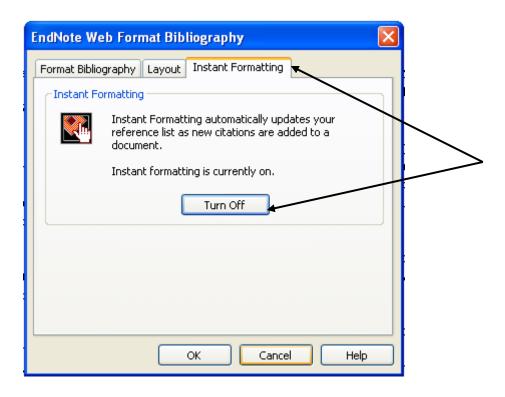


If you have the **Instant Formatting** ON, the citation(s) will be formatted according to the output style selected. If you have it turned OFF, the citation(s) will now be in *EndNote Web*'s temporary citation format, using { } with the author last name and year of the article cited.

To turn ON or OFF the Instant Formatting, select the **Format Bibliography** option from the *EndNote Web* menu under **Tools**. Click on the **Instant Formatting tab** and click the Turn Off or Turn On button.

NIH Library
Reference & Information Services 301.496.1080

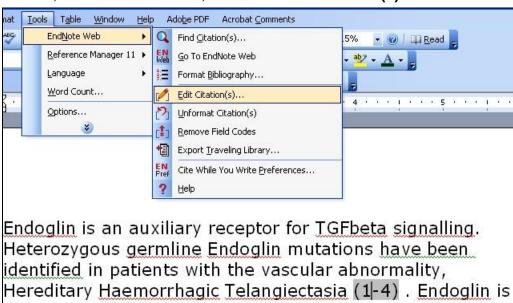
EndNote Web Training
p. 21 of 26



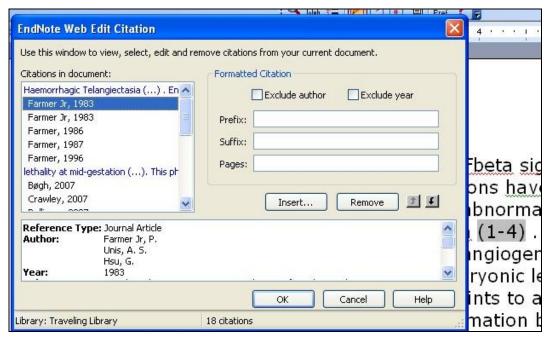
Moving or Deleting a Reference from Your Manuscript

References can only be deleted at the point of insertion. This will prompt a re-ordering of your bibliography.

- 1. Find the citation where it occurs in the text of your paper (i.e., the superscript number or parenthetical reference) and insert your cursor.
- 2. Go to Tools, then EndNote Web, and then Edit Citations(s).



Select the reference from the list in the left-hand column. The manuscript text appears in blue font color, and citations in black. Author last name and year is shown for each reference.

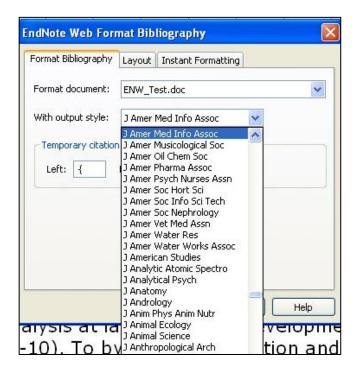


4. Click the **Remove** and **OK** buttons to delete the reference.

Changing the Output Style

- 1. In *Word*, go to **Tools**, then **EndNoteWeb**, and select **Format Bibliography**.
- 2. From the **With Output Style** drop-down menu, select the journal citation style.
- 3. Click **OK** to begin formatting the paper.

EndNote Web includes over 3,200 output styles. However, some journals are not included or may have recently been updated. In these cases, contact the NIH Library for assistance in creating a new output style for the journal of interest, or in editing an existing output style. Unfortunately, with EndNote Web you cannot do this yourself.



Removing Field Codes

Each formatted reference in your document is saved with field codes that embed reference data in the document. Before sending a manuscript to an editor or publisher, the field codes embedded within an EndNote or EndNote Web document usually are removed. This deletes the underlying codes but preserves the layout, allowing the publisher or editor to make copy changes.

Once field codes are removed, they cannot be reinserted and the reference style and bibliography cannot be automatically reformatted to another style.

- 1. Create a back-up copy of your manuscript in *Word*.
- 2. In Word, from the **Tools** menu go to **Endnote Web** and then to **Remove Field** Codes.
- 3. A prompt will appear and a copy of the manuscript will open in a new window without the field codes. Click **OK**. This new copy no longer contains field codes linking the references and bibliography back to EndNote Web and the output style cannot be changed.

EndNote Web Training Reference & Information Services 301.496.1080 p. 24 of 26

Part 10: The Traveling Library

Each formatted reference in your document is saved with field codes that embed reference data in the document. The paper contains a "traveling library" of references cited.

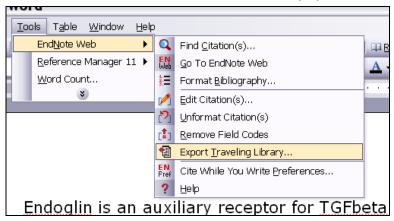
The first time a reference is formatted; *EndNote Web* looks in the open library and finds the corresponding reference. If you later reformat, *EndNote Web* again looks for the library and that reference. However, if the library is not available or not open, *EndNote Web* will use the Traveling Library for reference information. The data saved with each reference includes the database name and location and all fields except Notes and Abstract. Because reference data are kept with each formatted reference, you can collaborate with other authors on a paper without each author having the same library of references.

If you are co-authoring a paper with someone who is also using an *EndNote* or *EndNote Web* library, you can send a copy of the manuscript and your co-author can generate an *EndNote* or *EndNote Web* library of the references inserted into the manuscript - this is the Traveling Library. The co-author can then insert new references and send the manuscript back to you, and a new Traveling Library is generated.

To Create a Traveling Library

- 1. In Word, select Tools, then EndNoteWeb, and then Export Traveling Library.
- 2. A box will appear stating export is complete. Click **OK**.
- 3. In *EndNote Web*, these references are placed in the **Unfiled Group**. You have to move these references to another folder to save them for future use.

Using the Traveling Library, both authors can maintain an *EndNote Web* library that is up-to-date with all the references in the shared paper.



NIH Library
Reference & Information Services 301.496.1080

EndNote Web Training
p. 25 of 26

Part 11: Accessing Full-Text from Within *EndNote* Web



As *EndNote Web* recognized your account as originating from the NIH, you automatically see the **NIH Library FULL-TEXT PLUS!** button (green) below the reference information in *EndNote Web*.

To access the full-text of an article, click on the FULL-TEXT PLUS! button and an intermediary screen will appear indicating whether the NIH Library has purchased access to the journal article, or whether you must order it via Document Delivery. For the example below, we provide access to the article from 4 different vendors or sources.

Whatever database you are searching, the NIH Library's **FULL-TEXT PLUS!** button should appear. Always use this button to access the full-text of an article, or request it via document delivery if we do not have it.

If you do not see it, please contact the NIH Library for assistance. Sometimes it is a matter of your computer's IP address not being recognized as originating from NIH.

